Teachers urged not to use new books

Written by Taipei Times Thursday, 02 July 2015 07:04 -



Taiwan Solidarity Union caucus whip Lai Chen-chang, right, and deputy whip Yeh Chin-lin yesterday hold a news conference in Taipei to criticize the deletion of certain historic events from some senior-high-school history textbooks.

Photo: Chien Jung-fong, Taipei Times

The Taiwan Solidarity Union (TSU) caucus yesterday urged teachers not to use the new version of high-school social studies textbooks approved by the National Academy for Educational Research (NAER), which it said contain distorted and unsubstantiated historical information and aim to instill a China-centric mindset in young Taiwanese.

"The Ministry of Education has claimed that it was only responsible for reviewing high-school curricula and that it was up to textbook publishers to decide the content of the books they print," TSU caucus whip Lai Chen-chang (□□□) told a news conference in Taipei.

However, Lai said that since the new curriculum has been "painted red," most of the publishers have fallen in line, printing textbooks that do not conform to historical facts.

Singling out the Shi Ji Cultural Publishing Co ([[]][[]][]), Lai said that the company combined the histories of Taiwan and China into what it called "national history," which also included historical events that occurred during the Japanese colonial era.

"Shi Ji's proprietor, Cheng Chih-shen (□□□), doubles as the executive officer of the pro-unification Chinese Integration Association, while one of the firm's textbook compilation committee members, Hao Ming-huang (□□□), is the former director of the Chinese Nationalist Party's [KMT] history department. Both men are considered 'deep-blue' diehards," Lai said.

Teachers urged not to use new books

Written by Taipei Times Thursday, 02 July 2015 07:04 -

Lai said the publisher's history textbook used the controversial term "returning to the embrace of the motherland" twice.

The book suggests that former president Lee Teng-hui's ($\square \square \square$) formulation of the "two states theory" in 1999 hindered cross-strait negotiations, and the "one side, one country" model proposed by Lee's successor, Chen Shui-bian ($\square \square \square$), had destabilized Taiwan-US relations, Lai said.

The book has two full pages on the so-called "1992 consensus" embraced by President Ma Ying-jeou (□□□) and also praises the Economic Cooperation Framework Agreement for elevating cross-strait exchanges to the next level. Lai said.

The "1992 consensus" refers to a tacit understanding that the KMT says was reached with Beijing that both sides agree that there is only "one China," with each side having its own interpretations of what China is. Former KMT lawmaker (□□) said in 2006 that he had made up the term in 2000, when he was head of the Mainland Affairs Council.

"This is not a school textbook, but rather propaganda material designed to promote the KMT's history and cross-strait unification," Lai said, calling on high-school teachers not to use the new editions of book.

TSU Legislator Chou Ni-an (□□□) said the lack of references in the books to democracy activist Deng Nan-jung (□□□), the 228 Incident and the 1979 Kaohsiung Incident underscored the curriculum review team's aim to cover up the former KMT regime's disregard for human rights by creating the impression that the government had attached great importance to the issue.

"We as Taiwanese must stand up against the government's brainwashing scheme and safeguard true human rights and democracy," Chou said.

Source: Taipei Times - 2015/07/02