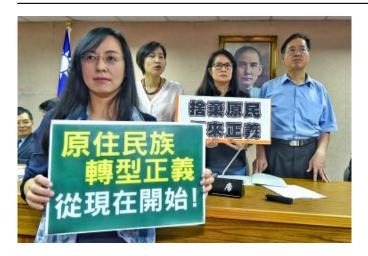
Written by Taipei Times Thursday, 23 June 2016 07:41 -



From left to right, Democratic Progressive Party Legislator Chen Ying, New Power Party Legislator Kawlo Iyun Pacidal, Non-Partisan Solidarity Union Legislator Kao Chin Su-mei and Chinese Nationalist Party (KMT) Legislator Sra Kacaw take part in a news conference at the legislature in Taipei yesterday calling on the government to prioritize transitional justice for Aboriginals.

Photo: Liu Hsin-de, Taipei Times

Draft legislation for promoting transitional justice yesterday passed out of the legislature's Judiciary and Organic Laws and Statutes Committee, but after a sharp debate, the final draft left out a proposal covering the restoration of historic Aboriginal rights.

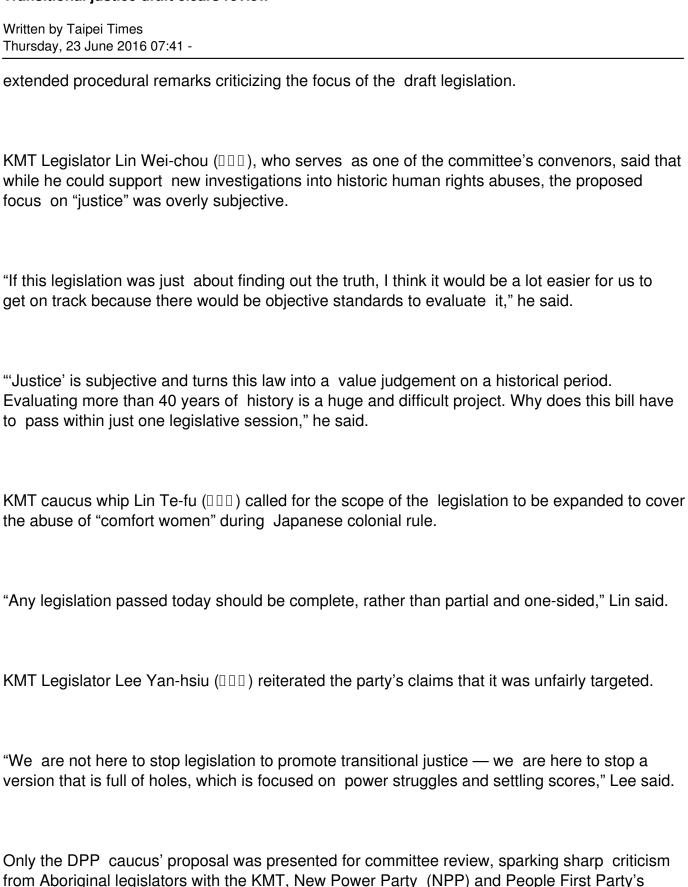
Yesterday was the first day of line-by-line review, which concluded when Chinese Nationalist Party (KMT) legislators walked out of the meeting late in the afternoon after losing votes to expand the scope of the draft legislation to include Aboriginal issues, along with a range of other historic injustices and controversies.

The draft legislation proposed by the Democratic Progressive Party (DPP) caucus focuses on the human-rights abuses perpetrated by the KMT government during the Martial Law era, calls for the establishment of a special committee to investigate abuses and proposes legislation on issues such as opening government files, rectifying unjust verdicts and removing symbols of authoritarianism.

It passed the committee stage with only minor modifications.

Prior to their walkout, KMT committee members had sought to drag out the review with

rights.



(PFP) for leaving out alternative versions that would have included violations of Aboriginal

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Aboriginal DPP Legislator Chen Ying ([][]) joined the other Aboriginal lawmakers in briefly occupying the convener's podium in protest during a break in the review.

"We Aborigines are anxious that if we miss this train, there is no way we can be certain when our turn will come," Chen said.

DPP caucus whip Ker Chien-ming ([][]]) said that legislation related to Aboriginal transitional justice issues would still be addressed by the legislature and he criticized the KMT for failing to address the issue during the decades that it was the majority party in the Legislative Yuan.

"The reality is that all the KMT legislators are trying to do today is put obstacles in the way of this law moving forward," he said.

NPP Legislator Freddy Lim ([][]]) said that Aboriginal rights and Martial Law era rights abuses could be addressed with separate legislation, but criticized the DPP caucus for putting a low priority on Aboriginal rights.

"Why is it that Aboriginal rights have to wait, instead of human-rights abuses suffered under martial law," Lim said, calling for a specific timeline to address Aboriginal demands.

"No one dares to say that Aboriginal rights are unimportant, but what has always happened in the past is that they have ended up being treated as unimportant in reality," he said.

Because Aboriginal rights are so complicated, it makes sense to first address the relatively simple issues [of the Martial Law period]," said DPP Legislator Tuan Yi-kang (□□□), who chaired the meeting as co-convenor.

"We can move forward on both sets of issues simultaneously, but we will probably need three or four years to address transitional justice for Aborigines, so it does not make any sense to put legislation targeted at the Martial Law era on hold," he said.

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"Aboriginal traditional land covers more than half of Taiwan," Tuan said. "Addressing ownership is extremely complicated because much of it would be collective property of villages with overlapping claims."

"There have already been years of investigation and conflict, so there is no way that you can come up with a legal solution quickly," he said.

The KMT's call to combine the issue with transitional justice was "insincere," Tuan said.

"These are different issues from different time periods for different people for different reasons, so you should carefully separate and address them with separate laws," he said. "Our draft legislation is like a cup: if you try to pour all the water of the sea into it, it will just create a mess."

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